

# Reproducible documents with Quarto

Day 3 - Introduction to Data Analysis with R

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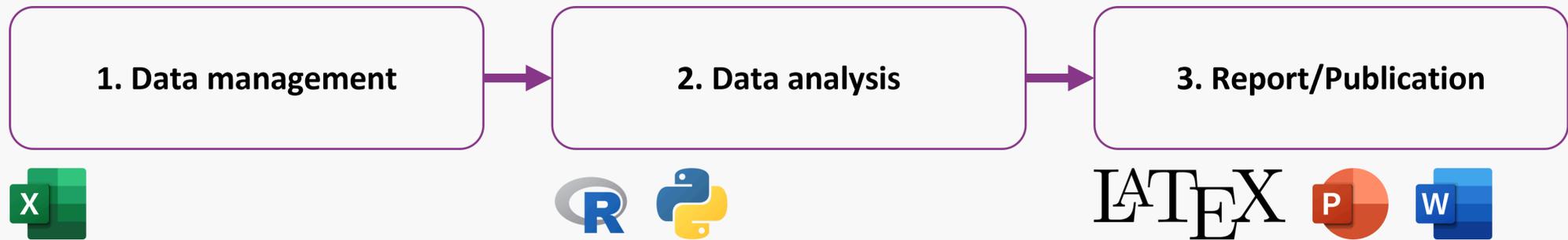
# From R scripts to documents

So far, you've been writing `.R` scripts.

This is great for running code, but what if you want to

- share your analysis with collaborators?
- add explanations and interpretations to your code?
- create a report with figures and tables?

# A standard workflow

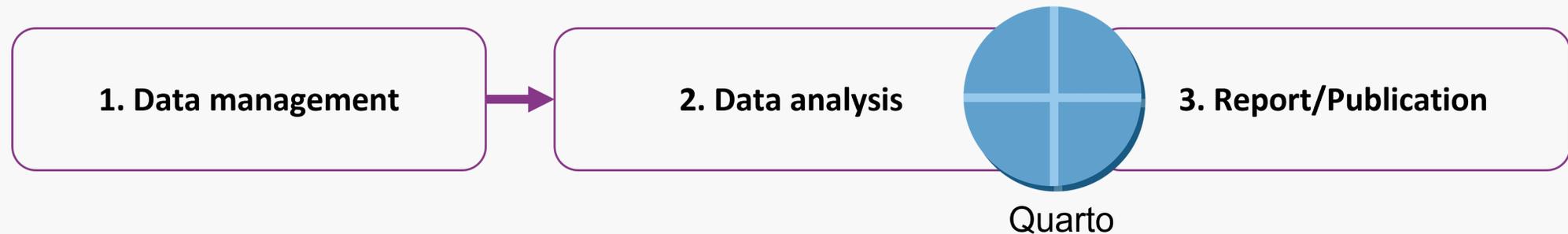


If you have to repeat the analysis

- Redo all figures and tables
- Update document manually
- Manual copy pasting of values is very error prone

# A Quarto workflow

Quarto lets you combine **code**, **text**, and **output** in one document.



## Advantages:

- Easy to redo the analysis
- No more copy pasting
- Reproducible
- Documentation, code & output in one place

# What is Quarto?

Quarto is an open-source scientific and technical publishing system

- Built into RStudio but can also be installed separately
- Create different types of outputs:
  - Documents: HTML, PDF, Word
  - Presentations, Websites, Books, ...

Today we focus on **documents**.

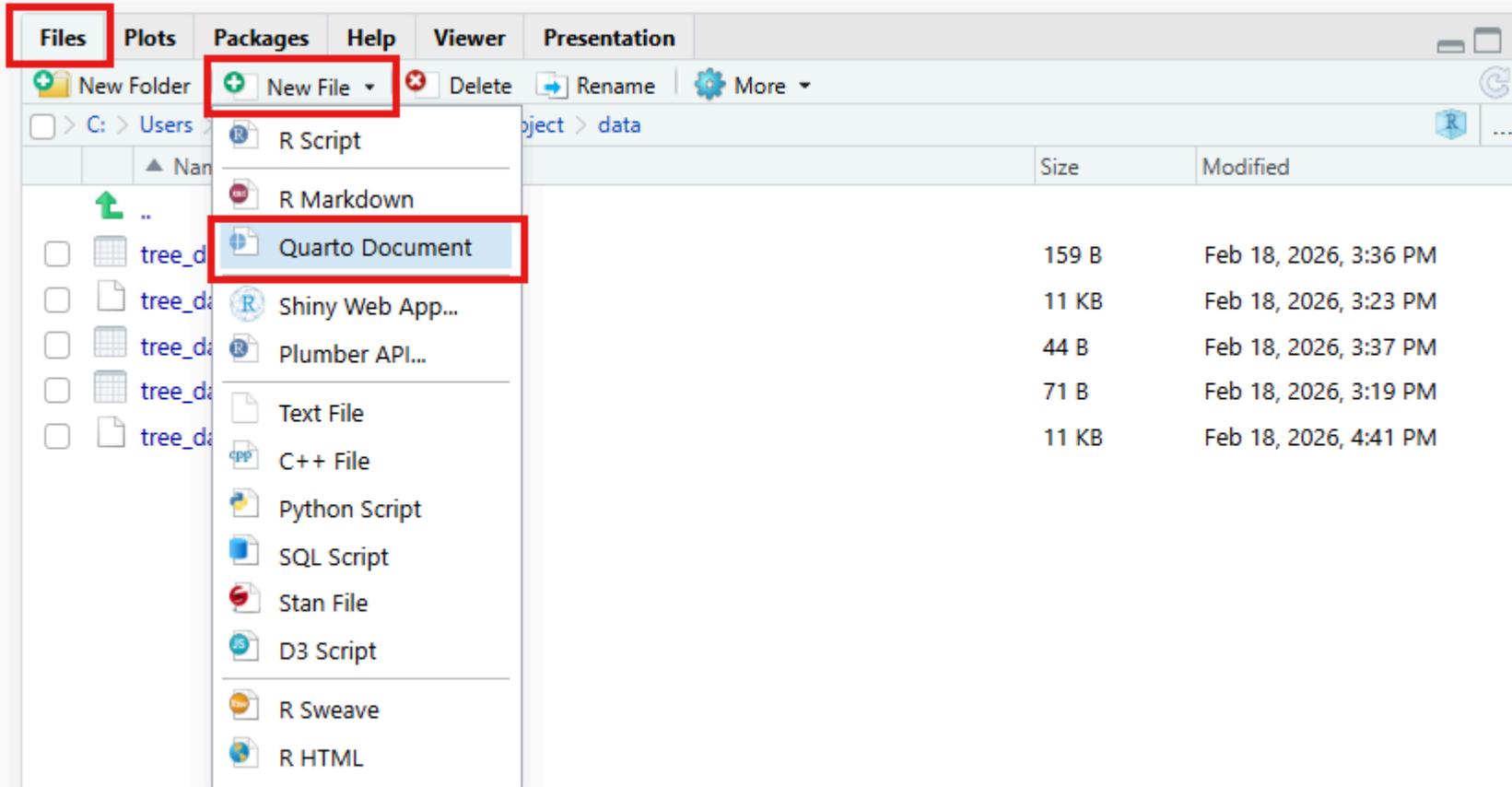
# The basic Quarto workflow

# Three steps

1. **Create** a `.qmd` document
2. **Write** text and code into the document
3. **Render** the document to an output format (e.g. HTML)

# Step 1: Create a `.qmd` document

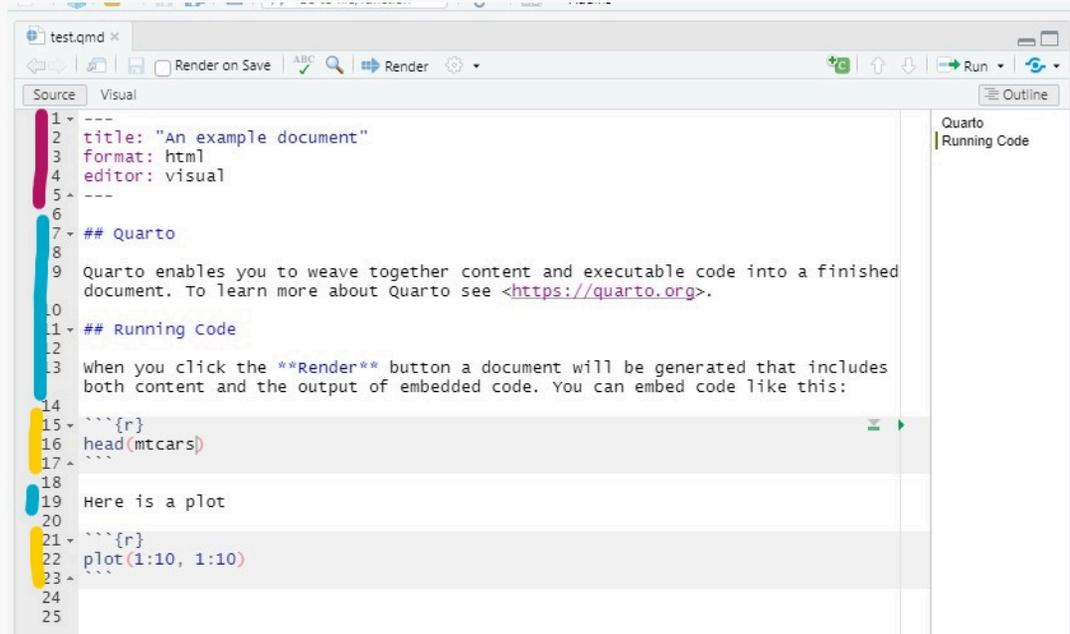
In the Files pane, click `New File` -> `Quarto Document`



Give it a name (e.g. `my_report.qmd`) and it opens as an empty file in RStudio.

# Step 2: Write the document

A `.qmd` file has three types of content:



```
1 ---
2 title: "An example document"
3 format: html
4 editor: visual
5 ---
6
7 ## Quarto
8
9 Quarto enables you to weave together content and executable code into a finished
10 document. To learn more about Quarto see <https://quarto.org>.
11
12 ## Running Code
13
14 when you click the Render button a document will be generated that includes
15 both content and the output of embedded code. You can embed code like this:
16
17 ```{r}
18 head(mtcars)
19 ```
20
21 Here is a plot
22
23 ```{r}
24 plot(1:10, 1:10)
25 ```
```

- **YAML header**: Metadata and output format
- **Markdown text**: Formatted text body
- **Code chunks**: R code that produces output

## Step 3: Render the document

- Click the **Render** button in RStudio
- Or use the keyboard shortcut `Ctrl + Shift + K`

RStudio will run all the code, combine it with your text, and produce the output document.

# Elements of a `.qmd` document

Markdown text, Code, YAML header

# Markdown text

Markdown is a simple markup language to create formatted text.

## The basics

- Bold: **`**text**`** becomes **text**
- Italic: *`*text*`* becomes *text*

## Headers

```
# First level header
## Second level header
### Third level header
```

# Markdown text

## Lists

- item 1
- item 2
- item 3

## Links

[Quarto website](https://quarto.org) becomes [Quarto website](https://quarto.org)

You don't need to memorize all of this. [Here](#) is a quick reference.

# Code chunks

Code chunks start and end with 3 backticks and contain R code:

```
```${r}
library(gapminder)

ggplot(gapminder, aes(x = gdpPercap, y = lifeExp)) +
  geom_point()
````
```

## Insert a code chunk

- Menu: **Code** -> **Insert chunk**
- Keyboard shortcut: **Ctrl + Alt + I** / **Cmd + Option + I**

# Code chunks

## Run a code chunk

- Code chunks are run when you **render** the document
- You can also run them like normal R code by clicking the green arrow

```
```{r cars}
summary(cars)
```
```

A toolbar for a code chunk in Quarto, featuring a gear icon for settings, a dropdown arrow, and a green right-pointing triangle for running the code.

# Code chunks — options

Code chunks have special comments starting with `#|` that control the output:

```
```${r}
#| echo: false
#| warning: false

ggplot(gapminder, aes(x = gdpPerCap, y = lifeExp)) +
  geom_point()
```
```

- `echo: true/false` — Show the code in the output?
- `eval: true/false` — Run the code?
- `warning: true/false` — Show warnings?
- `message: true/false` — Show messages?

# Inline code

You can also include R code **inside text** using inline code:

```
The gapminder data contains `r nrow(gapminder)` observations.
```

becomes:

The gapminder data contains 1704 observations.

This is powerful because the **number updates automatically** when the data changes.

# YAML header — metadata

The YAML header is at the top of the document between `---` markers:

```
---  
title: "My analysis"  
author: "Selina Baldauf"  
date: today  
format: html  
---
```

This sets the **title**, **author**, **date**, and **output format**.

# YAML header — execute options

You can set **default options** for all code chunks:

```
---  
title: "My analysis"  
author: "Selina Baldauf"  
format: html  
execute:  
  warning: false  
  message: false  
---
```

These can be overwritten by individual chunk options.

# Now you

**Task (30 min)**

Reproducible documents with Quarto

Find the task description [here](#)

# Additional Quarto features

# Render to PDF

Change the output format in the YAML header:

```
---  
format: pdf  
---
```

You might need to install LaTeX first. The most convenient is to use the [tinytex](#) package:

```
# Run this in the R console  
# install.packages("tinytex")  
tinytex::install_tinytex()
```

# Render to Word

```
---  
format: docx  
---
```

You can also specify **multiple** output formats:

```
---  
format:  
  html: default  
  pdf: default  
  docx: default  
---
```

# Document options

Add options under the format to customize your document:

```
---  
format:  
  html:  
    toc: true  
    toc-location: left  
    number-sections: true  
    code-fold: true  
---
```

- **toc**: Add a table of contents
- **number-sections**: Number the section headers
- **code-fold**: Hide code behind a button (HTML only)

Be careful with the **indentation**, YAML is sensitive to spaces.

# Figure options

Control how figures appear in the output:

```
```{r}
#| label: fig-life-exp
#| fig-cap: "Life expectancy vs. GDP per capita in 2007"
#| fig-align: center
#| out-width: "80%"

ggplot(gapminder, aes(x = gdpPercap, y = lifeExp)) +
  geom_point(aes(color = continent)) +
  theme_minimal()
```
```

- **fig-cap**: Figure caption
- **fig-align**: **left**, **center**, or **right**
- **out-width**: Width of the figure in the output
- **label**: Must start with **fig-** for figures

# Cross-references

You can reference labeled figures in the text:

```
As we can see in @fig-life-exp, life expectancy increases with GDP.
```

becomes:

As we can see in Figure 1, life expectancy increases with GDP.

# Nice tables with `kable()`

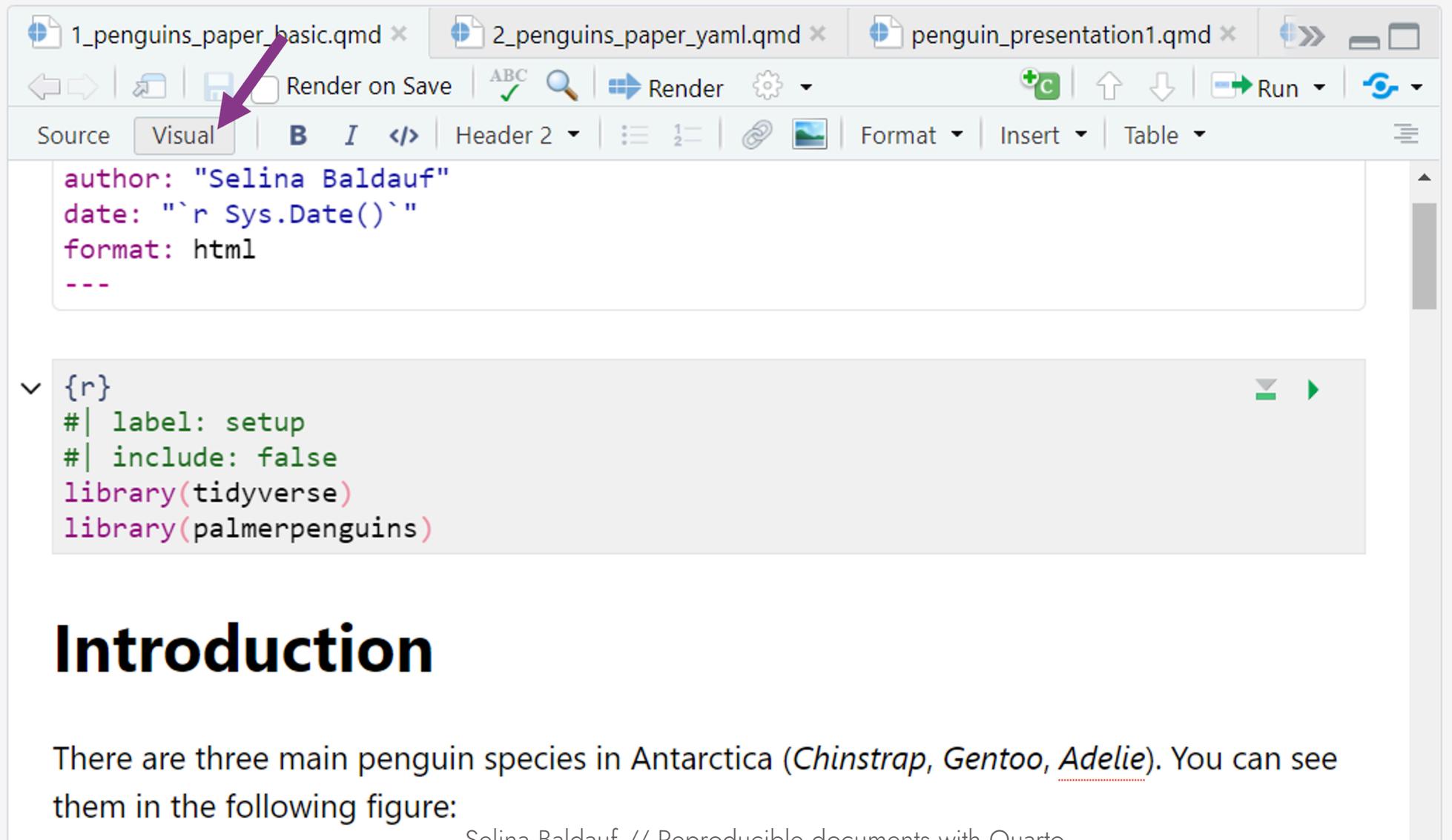
By default, tibbles print as plain text. Use `knitr::kable()` to render a nice table:

```
```{r}
gapminder |>
  filter(year == 2007) |>
  group_by(continent) |>
  summarize(
    mean_life_exp = mean(lifeExp),
    mean_gdp = mean(gdpPercap)
  ) |>
  knitr::kable()
```
```

| continent | mean_life_exp | mean_gdp  |
|-----------|---------------|-----------|
| Africa    | 54.80604      | 3089.033  |
| Americas  | 73.60812      | 11003.032 |
| Asia      | 70.72848      | 12473.027 |
| Europe    | 77.64860      | 25054.482 |
| Oceania   | 80.71950      | 29810.188 |

# The visual editor

RStudio has a **visual editor** that provides a word-like interface for editing `.qmd` files.



The screenshot shows the RStudio interface with three open Quarto documents: `1_penguins_paper_basic.qmd`, `2_penguins_paper_yaml.qmd`, and `penguin_presentation1.qmd`. The `Visual` editor tab is selected, indicated by a purple arrow. The editor displays the following YAML front-matter:

```
author: "Selina Baldauf"
date: "`r Sys.Date()`"
format: html
---
```

Below the front-matter is a code block containing R code:

```
{r}
#| label: setup
#| include: false
library(tidyverse)
library(palmerpenguins)
```

The rendered output of the document is visible below the code block:

## Introduction

There are three main penguin species in Antarctica (*Chinstrap*, *Gentoo*, *Adelie*). You can see them in the following figure:

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# The visual editor

The visual editor makes it easy to:

- Format text with buttons instead of markdown syntax
- Insert images, tables, and links via menus
- Add citations from Zotero, DOI, or PubMed

# Outlook

Quarto can do much more:

- **Presentations** (like the slides in this workshop)
- **Websites** (like the [workshop website](#))
- **Books**
- Publish online with [Quarto Pub](#) or GitHub Pages

Check out the [Quarto website](#) for guides, examples, and a gallery.

# References

- [Quarto website](#) — everything you need to get started
- [Markdown syntax reference](#)
- [HTML document options](#)
- [PDF document options](#)
- [Gallery with examples](#)